**Medical survey**

Approximately one-half of the deaths in 1971 in the United States were the result of heart disease.

In broad terms, coronary heart disease gradually obstructs the flow of blood in the arteries of the heart, or in the blood vessels that supply the heart, to the point where it no longer functions properly. Where it no longer functions properly, disease is such a lethal problem in the United States that the College of Physicians in Pennsylvania is conducting the study of "coronary risk factors" among Muscatine school children.

Dr. William E.Connor, who is associated with the university, described some of the problems that led to the school community coronary heart disease study here is to determine how many school children might be among children and what can be done to correct these factors.

Connor says that of the 134,000 Americans who die each year of heart disease, 17,000 are under 50. In the 50-64 age group, 10,000 Americans die of heart disease, 75,000 die in the 65-74 age group, and 150,000 die each year in the age group 75 and over.

Connor noted that 17% of the males under 50 die of heart disease in the United States, as does 14% of the female population under 50.

Connor said that one-third of the fatal heart attacks occur in the age group 50 to 54, one-third between 55 and 64, and one-third between 65 and 74.

Connor added that 60% of men and 50% of women who have heart attacks are already considered to be coronary patients, either through angina, heart disease, blood pressure, or diabetes.

Connor pointed out that the study is designed to determine not only what percentage of the population is at risk, but in what proportion of the population is at risk.

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