AN ANALYSIS OF RISK FACTORS FOR TEEN DATING VIOLENCE

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OUTLINE

- Introduction
- Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance System (YRBSS)
- Explanatory/Response Variables and Analytic Goals
- Results
- Conclusions

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Introduction	Dataset	Variables/Goals	Results	Conclusions

TEEN DATING VIOLENCE

- Occurs between two people in a close relationship
- Can be physical, emotional, or sexual (Injury Prevention and Control, 2016)
- Our project focuses on physical and sexual dating violence



Variables/Goals

Results

HOW DOES DATING VIOLENCE AFFECT HEALTH?

- Dating violence can affect physical and psychological health throughout life
- Youth who experience dating violence are more likely to:
 - Experience symptoms of depression and anxiety
 - Use tobacco, drugs, and alcohol
 - Exhibit antisocial behaviors
 - Think about suicide
- Youth who experience dating violence in high school are at higher risk of victimization in college (Injury Prevention and Control, 2016)

Introduction	Dataset	Variables/Goals	Results	Conclusions

THE YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEILLANCE SYSTEM (YRBSS)

- Consists of national surveys conducted by the CDC every two years since 1991
- Targets 9th through 12th grade students
- Monitors social issues and priority health risk behaviors among teenagers in the United States
- We use a subset comprised of 47,720 students from the 2013 YRBSS



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Variables/Goals

Results

OUTCOME VARIABLES

- Physical Teen Dating Violence:
 - During the past 12 months, how many times did someone you were dating or going out with physically hurt you on purpose?
- Sexual Teen Dating Violence:
 - During the past 12 months, how many times did someone you were dating or going out with force you to do sexual things that you did want to do?
- Either Teen Dating Violence
- Dichotomized by presence or absence of TDV

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EXPLANATORY VARIABLES (ORDINAL)

Number of Sexual Partners in Past 3 Months

(0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6+)

- Days Missed School Due to Feeling Unsafe in Past Month (0, 1, 2–3, 4–5, 6+)
- Alcohol Use in Past Month (Days)
 - (0, 1-2, 3-5, 6-9, 10-19, 20-29, All 30)
- Marijuana Use in Past Month (Times)
 (0, 1-2, 3-9, 10-19, 20-39, 40+)







Variables/Goals

Results

EXPLANATORY VARIABLES (BINARY)

- Illegal Drug Use in Lifetime
- Electronic Bullying Victimization in Past Year
- Bullying Victimization at School in Past Year



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ANALYTIC GOALS

- Use univariable and multivariable logistic regression to characterize the effect of the explanatory variables on the risk of experiencing TDV
 - Examine the odds ratios attributed to each risk factor
 - Observe and rank Bayesian Information Criterion (BIC) values
- Create an R Shiny risk assessment tool encompassing our models to predict the likelihood of an individual experiencing TDV

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DIFFERENCES IN BIC VALUES

Between null model and univariable model

	+ Number of Sex Partners	+ Days Missed School for Safety	+ Illegal Drug Use	+ Alcohol Use	+ Marijuana Use	+ Electronic Bullying Victim	+ Bullying Victim on School Property	
Physical TDV	96,875.0 2	52,819.6 6	58,841.0 5	78,612.1 3	50,498.3 7	99,103.7 1	59,024.0 4	
Sexual TDV	57,988.0 5	69,962.0 3	56,710.0 6	59,744.0 4	31,483.0 7	128,998.0 1	90,463.0 2	r
Either TDV	84,865.3 3	71,100.9 6	79,679.9 4	74,350.0 5	47,390.2 7	153,940.4 1	100,451.9 2	

KEY:
>95,000
80,000-95,000
65,000-80,000
50,000-65,000
<50,000
Ranked by
relative strength
of risk factor

Introduction	Dataset	Variables/Goals

DIFFERENCES IN BIC VALUES

Between reduced model and full model

	 – Number of Sex Partners 	— Days Missed School for Safety	— Illegal Drug Use	— Alcohol Use	— Marijuana Use	— Electronic Bullying Victim	— Bullying Victim on School Property	
Physical TDV	30,907.4 1	8,366.4 3	5,627.9 6	6,928.0 5	2,833.0 7	26,098.4 2	7,949.0 4	
Sexual TDV	11,807.8 4	15,424.9 2	11,364.4 5	3,887.8 6	599.0 7	33,764.3 1	14,553.4 3	
Either TDV	21,209.6 2	15,731.5 4	14,197.9 5	4,925.3 6	1,287.5 7	44,079.8 1	16,461.0 3	



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Odds Ratios Based on Number of Sex Partners









ODDS RATIOS FOR BINARY VARIABLES

		Electronically Bullied		Bullied at School		Illegal Drug Use		
Physical TD	V	4.695		3.199		2.972		07T 00T
Sexual TDV	/	5.511		3.998		2.8	23	1
Either TDV	/	5.105		3.534		2.823		
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EXTREME RISK PROFILES

	Minimum	Maximum
Physical TDV	2.25%	89.93%
Sexual TDV	3.66%	93.16%
Either TDV	5.21%	96.20%

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LIMITATIONS

- Initial sample size: 154,673; Final sample size: 47,720
 - Unlikely that data are missing completely at random
 - Therefore inferences based on a complete case analysis could be biased
- Data self-reported
 - Participation is voluntary and anonymous (Brener et al., 2013)

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KEY POINTS

- Baseline prevalence of physical TDV is 10.2% and sexual TDV is 10.8%
- Certain risk factors, especially when expressed together, can dramatically increase risk (e.g. > 90%)
- Our risk assessment application can help assess individual risk of TDV

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THANK YOU!





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REFERENCES

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